## PRE-CERCLIS SCREENING DATA ENTRY FORM

EPA I.D. NUMBER: FORM ISSUED DATE: 10/18/2012

NAME OF FACILITY: Balbach Smelting & Refining Co.

STREET: 63 Park Row CITY: New York

ZIP CODE: 10038 COUNTY: STATE: NY

LATITUDE: + 40.71201 Indicate At for Northern Hemisphere

LONGITUDE: -74.00348 Indicate for Western Hemisphere

Accuracy meters: +/- 3
Collection method: ArcGIS
Reference datum: NAD83

Reference point: Facility Center Source map scale: 1:10000

Point/line/area: Point

Collection date:

Verification method:

Source:

NPL STATUS: Non-NPL

SITE TYPE MAIN CATEGORIES:

SITE TYPE MAIN SUBCATEGORIES:

SITE DESCRIPTION: (500 characters or 70 words)

The location of the alleged former secondary lead smelting facility was historically zoned for commercial use through the early 1900's and is now occupied by municipal/private buildings, paved roadway, and bridge embankment structures and exit/on ramps. According to historical aerial photography of the city block, a facility containing a furnace or stack was not visible. Because of the frequent changes and construction that has taken place in the location in question, it is unknown if any of the original soils or potential contaminants exist anymore (having been filled, mixed, or removed). Additionally, there is minimal soil exposure at the site; buildings, sidewalks, roads, and embankments cover the area.

## INFORMATION FOR ENTERING PRE-CERCLIS SCREENING ACTION:

1) OU Field: 2) Action Name: Pre-CERCLIS Screening

3) Lead: 4) Actual Completion Date:

(ENTER THE DATE OF THE EPA CONCURRENCE SIGNATURE ON SITE RECOMMENDATION PAGE OF PRE-CERCLIS SCREENING FORM)

5) Non-NPL Status Field: Not a Valid Site or Incident

Not a Valid Site or Incident: RCRA Lead €

Not a Valid Site or Incident: NRC Lead €

Not a Valid Site or Incident: State Lead €

Not a Valid Site or Incident: Tribal Lead €

Complete the follow	ving checklist. If "yes" is marked, please explain below.	YES	NO
1. Does the site already appear in CERCLIS?			
2. Is the release from products that are part of the structure of, and result in exposure within, residential buildings or businesses or community structures?		П	⊠
3. Does the site consist of a release of a naturally occurring substance in its unaltered form, or altered solely through naturally occurring processes or phenomena, from a location where it is naturally found?			×
4. Is the release into a use?	public or private drinking water supply due to deterioration of the system through ordinary		⊠
5. Is some other program actively involved with the site (i.e., another Federal, State, or Tribal program)?			$\boxtimes$
6. Are the hazardous substances potentially released at the site regulated under a statutory exclusion (i.e., petroleum, natural gas, natural gas liquids, synthetic gas usable for fuel, normal application of fertilizer, release located in a workplace, naturally occurring, or regulated by the NRC, UMTRCA, or OSHA)?		Б	×
7. Are the hazardous substances potentially released at the site excluded by policy considerations (e.g., deferral to RCRA Corrective Action)?		П	$\boxtimes$
cause adverse enviror showing no release ab	documentation that clearly demonstrates that there is no potential for a release that could amental or human health impacts (e.g., comprehensive remedial investigation equivalent data gove ARARs, completed removal action, documentation showing that no hazardous we occurred, EPA approved risk assessment completed)?		⊠
	is not recommended for placement into CERCLIS (explain below).		
DECISION/DIS	CUSSION/RATIONALE:		
might have been doctoral dissertatives earch was sum (Eckel et al., 200 historical docume current circumsta	included in a list of hundreds of locations nationwide where secondary lead smelting or a conducted between 1931 and 1964. The list was originally compiled by William P. Eckel ion for George Mason University, and was based on entries in historical trade publications marized in the article "Discovering Unrecognized Lead-Smelting Sites by Historical Meth I), which was published in the American Journal of Public Health. Based on review of adents, including city directories and Sanborn® fire insurance maps, as well as an evaluation neces, EPA is attempting to identify if further investigation is warranted to evaluate possible ociated with Balbach Smelting & Refining Co.	in a . The nods" ditional of	
	of evidence that lead smelting occurred at this address and the absence of residential exposubject property, the Balbach Smelting & Refining Co. site is not recommended for furthe CERCLA.		l
Regional EPA R Print Name/Signatu	eviewer:Andrew Fessler10/18/2012		